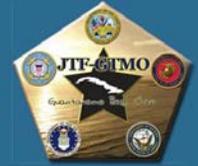


## Overview

# Joint Task Force Guantanamo

Safe, Humane, Legal, Transparent



## MISSION AREAS

- JTF-GTMO conducts safe, humane, legal and transparent care and custody of detainees, including those convicted by military commission.
- JTF-GTMO conducts intelligence collection, analysis and dissemination for the safety and security of detainees and personnel working in JTF Guantanamo facilities and in support of ongoing overseas contingency operations.
- JTF-GTMO provides support to the Office of Military Commissions, to law enforcement and to war crimes investigations.
- JTF-GTMO will, on order, respond to Caribbean mass migration events.

## GUANTANAMO (GTMO) DETENTION OPERATIONS

The United States and its coalition partners are engaged in a war against al-Qaida, the Taliban, their affiliates and supporters. During the course of this war, U.S. and allied forces have captured thousands of individuals fighting as unlawful combatants. International law defines a lawful combatant as one who wears a uniform, carries his weapons openly, responds to the hierarchy of military authority and fights according to the laws of war (e.g., not targeting innocent civilians). The detainees at Guantanamo were captured while fighting for al-Qaida or the Taliban, neither of which abide by the laws of war.

Detention of unprivileged enemy belligerents in wartime is not an act of punishment. It is a matter of security and military necessity, and has long been recognized as legitimate under international law. Detaining enemy combatants prevents them from returning to the battlefield and engaging in further armed attacks against innocent civilians and U.S. and allied forces. Further, detainees provide the United States with important intelligence that helps prevent future attacks.

## WHO WE HOLD AND WHAT WE HAVE LEARNED

Detainees at GTMO include:

- Terrorist trainers
- Terrorist financiers
- Bomb makers
- Bin Laden bodyguards
- Recruiters and facilitators

Intelligence gained at GTMO has prevented terrorist attacks and saved lives. Information obtained from questioning detainees includes:

- Organizational structure of al-Qaida and other terrorist groups.
- Extent of terrorist presence in Europe, the U.S., and the Middle East.
- Methods of recruitment and locations of recruitment centers.
- Terrorist skill sets, including general and specialized operative training.
- How legitimate financial activities are used to hide terrorist operations.

GTMO remains a key intelligence resource. The information provided by detainees will continue to be valuable in the future as we work to defeat violent extremist groups like al-Qaida and its supporters.

## LIVING CONDITIONS

Since DoD began detention operations in the War on Terror, detainee living conditions have evolved. DoD is committed to ensuring detainees are kept in a safe, secure, and humane environment. Camp X-Ray, the original, temporary detention facility, was used for less than four months in 2002, and has been completely replaced with modern facilities. Other changes to detention facilities are ongoing.

Detainees at GTMO are provided with:

- Three meals per day that meet cultural dietary requirements, and accommodate special dietary and health requests/requirements.
- Shelter, to include beds, mattresses, sheets and running water toilets.
- Clothing, including shoes, uniforms and hygiene items, such as toothbrushes, toothpaste, soap and shampoo.
- The opportunity to worship, including prayer beads, rugs and copies of the Quran in their native languages for the detainees from some 40 countries.
- The means to send and receive mail.
- The detainee library offers more than 18,000 items from books and reading materials to include magazines and newspapers. Books range from picture books to doctorate level materials printed in more than 18 different languages. There is also a large selection of movies to choose from. The library is staffed by a full-time librarian. The reading materials are distributed to the detainees on a weekly basis.

### **Camps 1-3**

Detainees in these camps are housed in individual cells with a toilet and sink in each cell. Camps 1, 2 and 3 have a capacity for 716 detainees. There are two recreation yards at the end of each cellblock. Showers are allowed in outdoor stalls after recreation periods. These camps remain available for the management of the detainee population, but are primarily vacant.

### **Camp 4**

In Camp 4, detainees reside in a communal-type living atmosphere. Camp 4 includes 10-man bays with access to exercise yards and other recreational privileges. Detainees wear white uniforms indicative of their highly compliant status and share living spaces with other detainees. Detainees are allowed to use outdoor exercise yards attached to their living bays 20 hours a day. Exercise yards include group recreational and sports equipment, such as ping-pong, volleyball, basketball and soccer equipment. Detainees in Camp 4 are able to participate in language classes as well as view movies and/or DVD's in an entertainment room with large screen television.

### **Camp 5**

Camp 5 is a state-of-the-art, \$16-million facility, completed in May 2004. Its construction was based upon a modern maximum-security design used for U.S. state penitentiaries. Composed of four wings of 12 to 14 individual cells each, the two-story maximum-security detention facility can hold approximately 100 individuals. Those detainees deemed to be the highest threat to themselves, other detainees or guards are primarily housed here.

The modern facility features some cells specially equipped for detainees with physical disabilities. Detainees also have outdoor recreation yards, to which they generally have access a minimum of two hours daily.

### **Camp 6**

Camp 6 is a \$37-million facility completed in October 2006. This two-story detention facility has a capacity for 175 detainees. It can be configured for medium or maximum security. Outdoor recreation areas are incorporated into this air-conditioned facility, sheltering detainees from the temperate outside elements. A medical clinic with two medical exam rooms, a dental exam room and five medical cells is located within Camp 6 to provide immediate medical and dental service.

Camp 6 was envisioned to be a medium-security detention facility, but during its construction in 2006, there was a mass disturbance in Camp 4, followed by three suicides in Camp 1. Following these events, Camp 6 was modified to operate as a maximum security facility for the safety of guards and detainees alike. The facility has since reverted to a medium security facility.

Camp 6 was built to better withstand the elements than the original Camp Delta. It is a climate controlled facility which offers improved, communal living conditions to the detainees. The design reduces the number of guards required to run the facility and improves working conditions for them.

### **Cultural sensitivity**

Detainees have the opportunity to pray five times per day. Prayer times are posted for the detainees and arrows are painted on the ground in each cell as well as in communal areas so the detainees know the direction to Mecca.

Once the prayer call sounds, detainees receive 20 minutes of uninterrupted time to practice their faith. The guard force strives to ensure detainees are not interrupted during the 20 minutes following the prayer call, even if detainees are not involved in religious activity. JTF-Guantanamo schedules detainee medical appointments, interrogations and other activities mindful of the prayer call schedule.

Every detainee at GTMO has been issued a personal copy of the Quran. Strict measures are also in place throughout the facility to ensure that the Quran is handled appropriately by detention personnel.

JTF-Guantanamo recognizes Islamic holy periods, like Ramadan, by modifying meal schedules in observance of religious requirements.

DoD personnel deployed to GTMO receive cultural training to ensure they understand Islamic practices.

## **INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS**

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) visits detainees quarterly.

ICRC representatives process mail to and from detainees. On a yearly average, more than 20,000 pieces of mail have been sent to or by detainees at GTMO.

ICRC communications with governments worldwide are based on the principle of confidentiality. For this reason, DoD does not publicly discuss confidential ICRC reports.

## **MEDICAL CARE**

The medical care provided to detainees at GTMO is consistent with that which U.S. service members receive. The lives of several detainees have been saved by the excellent medical treatment provided by U.S. military personnel.

Detainees are treated at a dedicated medical facility with state-of-the-art equipment and an expert medical staff of more than 100 personnel. The medical facility is equipped with 20 inpatient beds (expandable to 30), a physical-therapy area, pharmacy, radiology department, central sterilization area, and a single-bed operating room. More serious medical conditions can be treated at the Naval Hospital operating room and intensive-care unit. Specialists are available to provide care at GTMO for any medical needs that exceed the capabilities of the Naval Hospital.

In addition to the detainee hospital, there is a separate facility for dedicated mental health care. Most routine medical care is administered by Navy corpsmen who visit each cellblock daily and/or whenever a detainee requests care. In addition to providing routine medical care, the hospital staff has treated detainees for wounds occurring prior to detention and other pre-existing medical conditions (often unknown to the detainees before their medical treatment at GTMO).

Detainees at GTMO have received immunizations, which most would not have had available to them in their home countries. Some detainees have been provided life-changing care, such as receiving

prosthetic limbs or having a cancerous tumor removed. Psychological care is also available for detainees who need or request it.

## DOD OFFICIAL WEB SITES

### **DoD Official Web Site DefenseLink** – [www.defenselink.mil](http://www.defenselink.mil)

- Official DoD portal that features top stories and links to detainee-specific information.

### **DoD News Releases** – [www.defenselink.mil/releases](http://www.defenselink.mil/releases)

- Comprehensive list of DoD news releases from the previous 30 days, with a link to an archive that dates back to 1994.

### **DoD News Transcripts** – [www.defenselink.mil/transcripts](http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts)

- Comprehensive list of transcripts from briefings and significant interviews from the previous 30 days, with a link to an archive that dates back to 1994.

### **Detainees at Guantanamo Bay** – [www.defenselink.mil/news/detainees.html](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/detainees.html)

- List of articles, news releases, transcripts, photos, and fact sheets concerning detainees at Guantanamo Bay.

### **Detainee Investigations** – [www.defenselink.mil/news/detainee\\_investigations.html](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/detainee_investigations.html)

- DoD coverage of detainee investigations, including released reports, news releases, articles, briefing transcripts, and background information.

### **Guantanamo Detainee Process** –

<http://www.defenselink.mil/news/Sep2005/d20050908process.pdf>

Fact sheet for the Guantanamo Detainee Process that includes a brief description of each process, the responsible organization, a point of contact, and a website.

### **Military Commissions** – [www.defenselink.mil/news/commissions.html](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/commissions.html)

- Information on military commissions, including official DoD documents, background information, and news releases.

### **Combatant Status Review Tribunals/Administrative Review Board** –

[www.defenselink.mil/news/Combatant\\_Tribunals.html](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/Combatant_Tribunals.html)

- List of news releases, briefing transcripts, and official updates pertaining to the Combatant Status Review Tribunals and Administrative Review Boards.

### **Information from Guantanamo Detainees**

[www.defenselink.mil/news/Mar2005/d20050304info.pdf](http://www.defenselink.mil/news/Mar2005/d20050304info.pdf)

- Summary of information gleaned from interrogations of detainees at Guantanamo.

### **Joint Task Force – Guantanamo** – [www.jtfgtmo.southcom.mil/index.html](http://www.jtfgtmo.southcom.mil/index.html)

- Joint Task Force – Guantanamo home page that includes news reports and the Task Force newsletter ‘The Wire.’

### **U.S. Southern Command** – [www.southcom.mil/home](http://www.southcom.mil/home)

Southern Command home page that includes news releases, testimony transcripts, and other information concerning detainees at Guantanamo Bay